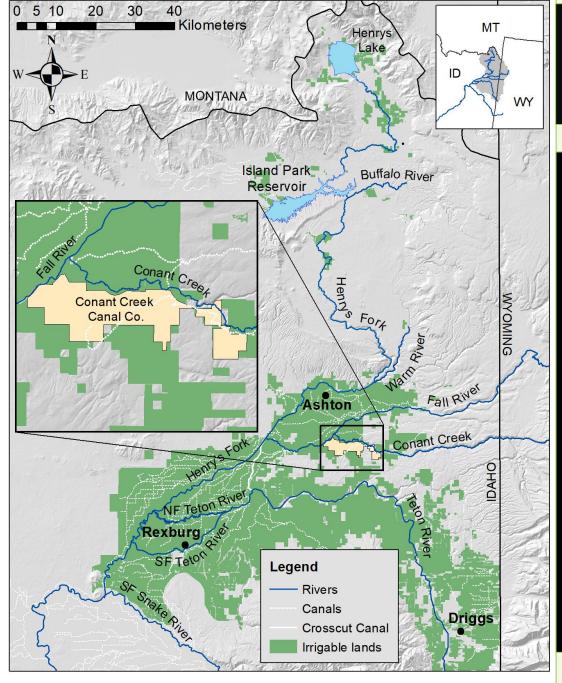


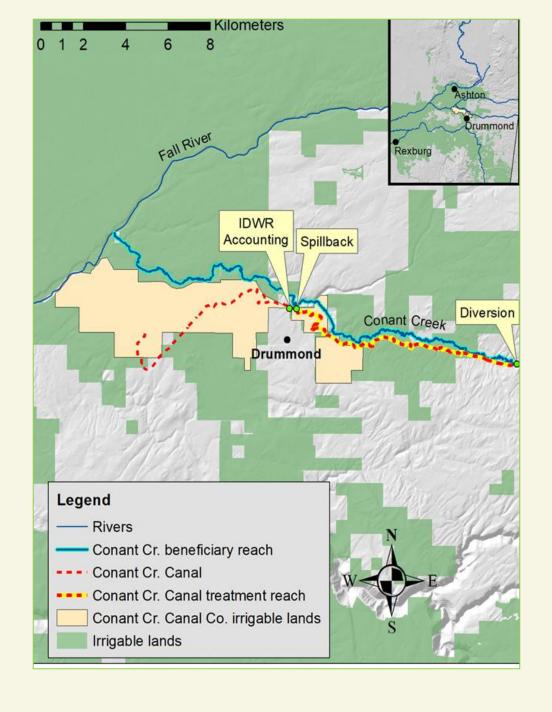
#### **Project Overview**

- Modernize Aging Irrigation Infrastructure
  - Install 5.7 miles of ditch liner to eliminate seepage loss.
  - Replace concrete diversion & spillback structure headgates.
  - Add remote control capabilities for precision water delivery.
- Conserve water for farms & fish
  - Enhance irrigation reliability for 3,200 acres of highly productive farmland.
  - Increase streamflow in Conant Creek throughout the summer.
  - Store more water behind Island Park Reservoir.
- Multi-year partnership-driven project
  - 6 years from start to finish.
  - Funding contributions from Federal, State, Local, and Private sources.



#### Conant Creek

- Conant Creek is located roughly 5 miles southeast of Ashton, Idaho in Fremont County.
- It originates in the Teton Mountain Range near the Idaho-Wyoming border. Flows west until it meets the Fall River.
- Critical habitat for an array of cold-water fish species. Historically, Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout.



# Conant Creek Canal Company

- The Conant Creek Canal consists of three primary reaches: 1) the point of diversion from Conant Creek. 2) the spillback to the Creek. 3) the end of the canal and terminal pond.
- The headgate is used only for coarse delivery of water and is adjusted a couple times per irrigation season.
- Precise delivery to the water users is controlled by adjustment of a gate at the spillback point.
- Water spilled back to the creek is not counted as part of the canal company's water use.

# Canal Infrastructure (Before)



# Canal Infrastructure (Before)



# Canal Infrastructure (Before)



## How did we get Started?

## Henry's Fork Basin Study (2015)

- U.S. Bureau of Reclamation completed the Henry's Fork Basin Study as a planning document.
- Intended to be a template for future actions to ensure reliability and sustainability of water resources in the basin.
- These options include small off-stream storage reservoirs, modest enlargement of existing reservoirs, managed aquifer recharge, market-based administrative exchanges in time and place of water use, canal linings and piping(North Fremont County Region), and automated irrigation delivery infrastructure.
- The most viable options in the Basin Study are relatively small in scale and designed to be implemented and managed in conjunction with other efforts at the local level.

#### **Canal Measurements**

On 20 August 2019 we measured discharge in the canal system at four points:

- Diversion
- Immediately upstream of the spill structure,
- Immediately downstream of the spill structure
- Immediately upstream of the terminal pond.

We measured discharge with an Acoustic Doppler Current Profiler (ADCP), using the standard method of two passes across the canal in each direction.



## **Canal Measurements**

Date time	Location	Discharge (cfs)	ADCP error (coefficient of variation)
2019-08-20 14:30	Point of diversion	27	18.5%
2019-08-20 12:45	Upstream of spill	13	2.0%
2019-08-20 11:45	Downstream of spill	9	9.2%
2019-08-20 10:45	Terminal pond	9	51.0%

## What we discovered – The basis for partnership

- Canal lining is estimated to eliminate 2,850
  ac-ft/year in canal seepage and increase
  flows in Conant Creek by 13 CFS (~ 39%
  increase during irrigation season).
- Saving 1,987 ac-ft/year of storage water in Island Park Reservoir (cooler water, better water quality, improved winter flows, etc.).
- Improving aquatic habitat, connectivity, and ecological resiliency for cold-water species in both Conant Creek, Fall River, and the Henry's Fork River.

- The Conant Creek Canal Company service area will see an increase in water availability for shareholders.
- Lining protects the canal from erosion and aggregate degradation that was leading to breaches and washouts.
- Remote control allows the canal company to operate the headgate more precisely and respond to flow needs in real time.
- Energy and labor savings.

## WaterSMART Water & Energy Efficiency Grant

#### **Submitted November 2021 & Awarded in May 2022**











50% Cost Share

Matching funds must be secured through partners, in-kind contributions, or additional grants.

**Water Savings** 

Awards must demonstrate quantifiable water savings.

Federal Procurement

The project must follow procurement standards such as Buy In America

**NEPA** 

Before Construction begins, must undergo environmental review and clearance.

Funding Agreement

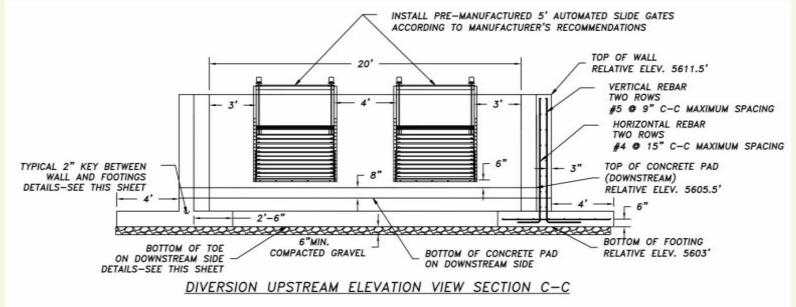
Reclamation must issue a formal Notice to Proceed.

## Cost & Fundraising

- Total project budget of \$2.17M
- \$1.12 M Federal funding secured through the WaterSMART WEEG program. (50%)
- 2 years of funding from the Idaho Soil and Water Conservation Commission Water Quality Program for Agriculture for engineering design plans and cost share on diversion structures \$35K & \$75K.
- Awarded \$499K from the IWRB Aging Infrastructure Grant which represents 23% of the total project.
- \$165,000 from IDEQ State Ag BMP Fund.
- The remaining non-federal match from three entities in the form of cash or In-kind, Henry's Fork Foundation, Conant Creek Canal Company, and Fremont-Madison Irrigation District.

#### **Pre-Construction**





#### **Pre-Construction**



# Canal Infrastructure (During)



# Canal Infrastructure (During)



# Canal Infrastructure (After)



# Canal Infrastructure (After)





#### In Conclusion

- Federal funding was essential to the success of the Conant Creek Canal Project, providing the financial resources needed to implement large-scale infrastructure improvements.
- Without this support, key elements like canal lining, flow measurement technology, and diversion upgrades would not have been feasible for local partners alone.
- I would like to thank all partners, contractors, State agencies, Federal agencies, and most of all Conant Creek Canal Company.

